

America's Time: Shell Shock

1. World War I started in June 1914 with the assassination of Franz Ferdinand of _____.
2. **True or False:** The young men called to fight in 1914 were enthusiastic.
3. Germany and Austria-Hungary fought against Russia, France, and _____.
4. Everyone thought the war would be over by _____.
5. **True or False:** The weapons of WWI were no more ferocious than weapons in earlier wars.
6. At the beginning of the war, the US was officially _____.
7. Movies were proving ground for the new art form called _____.
8. **True or False:** By early 1915, the war was good for America's economy.
9. The labor shortage led Northern employers to look to the _____ labor pool.
10. _____ countries were eventually represented in WWI.
11. The trench system on the Western Front would stretch for some _____ miles.
12. Life in the trenches was _____.
13. List at least 2 new weapons that contributed to the stalemate.
14. The war broke some men. The condition was called _____.
15. The Battle of the Somme lasted for 6 months at the cost of _____ million men and Allied forces moved a grand total of _____ miles.
16. With Lenin's Communist victory in 1917, Russia _____ from the war.

17. Woodrow Wilson hoped WWI was the “war to end _____.”
18. **True or False:** The American soldiers were well prepared for war.
19. In a last desperate offensive, the Germans got within _____ miles of Paris.
20. At 11:00 on November 11, 1918, Germany _____.
21. Overall, _____ million men had died.
22. President Wilson went to the Paris Peace Conference with his _____ Points Program.
23. The British and French governments were interested in _____.
24. The _____ was excluded from the talks.
25. **True or False:** The Treaty of Versailles was fair to Germany.

Answer these questions after the video. You may use your viewing guide, class notes, or any outside knowledge to give a complete answer to these questions (read: more than one sentence).

1. Why was World War I different from all previous wars? How was this war truly a product of the new century?
2. How did propaganda shape American views of World War I? How has propaganda shaped American views and mores during other twentieth century events?
3. Discuss the futility of the style of warfare during World War I.
4. What were the ramifications of the Russian Revolution in the twentieth century?
5. The treaty of Versailles is often looked at as an insult to Germany? Why might this be true? What are possible effects to such a treaty?